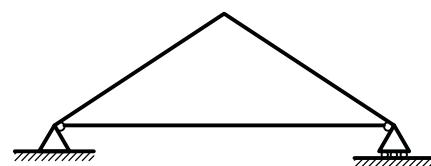
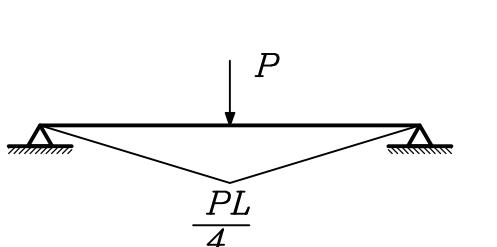
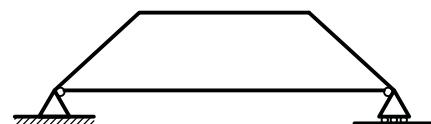
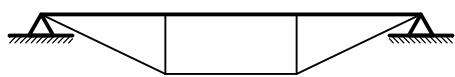


Arch girder

كما سبق وجدنا عندما يكون شكل المنشا مقلوب (B.M.D.) فان ($B.M=0$) وتصبح القوى الداخلية عبارة عن قوى محورية فقط.

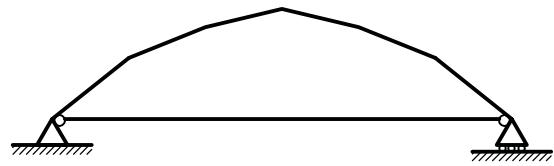
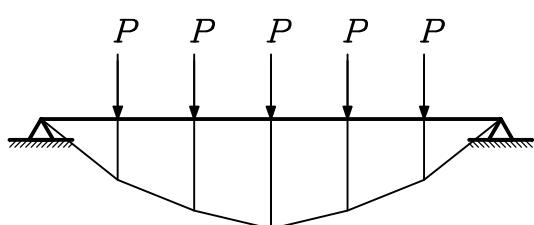


Triangular polygon

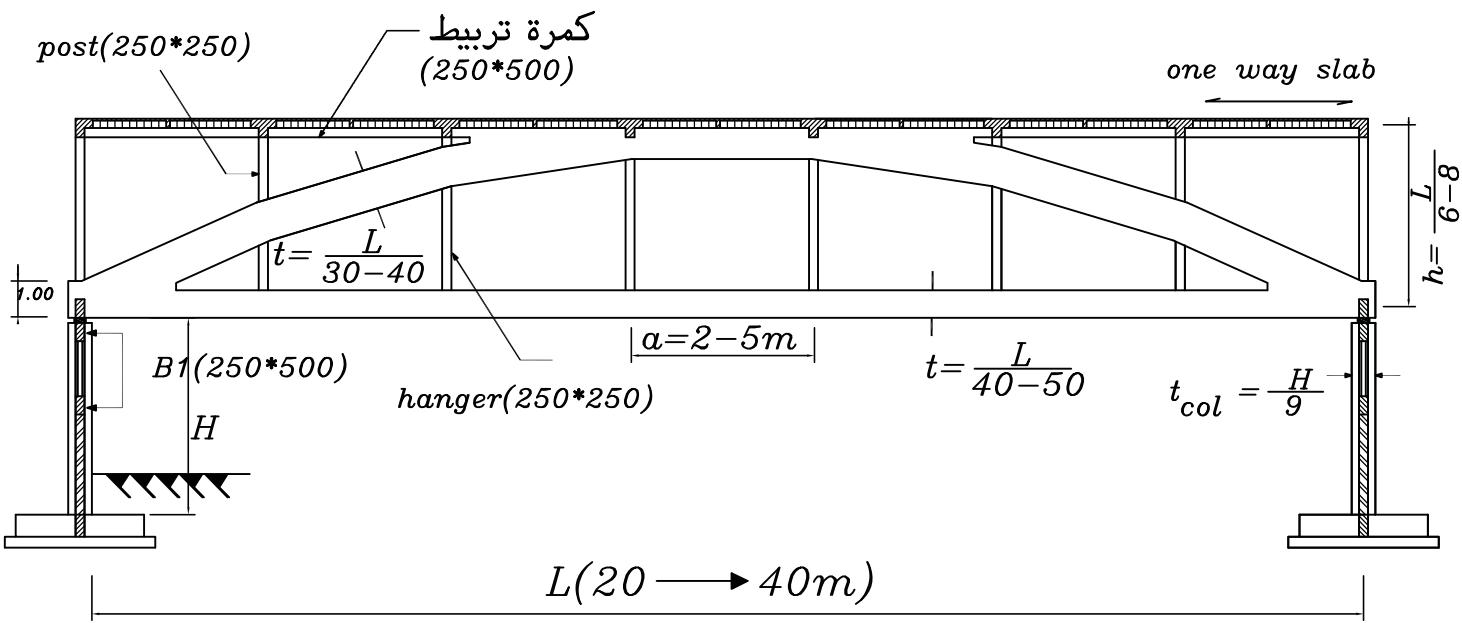


Trapezoidal polygon

ولكن اذا زاد عدد (concentrated loads) فان عدد (Joints) او الكسرات يزداد ويسمى في هذه الحالة (Arch girder)



وكما سبق فان البلاطات يجب ان تكون (One way slabs) في اتجاه الالات المترادفة وبالتالي تكون الاعمال مرکزة عند (joints) فقط.



-Arch girder is used for span L ($20-40m$)

Concrete Dimensions

$$t(\text{Arch girder}) = \frac{L}{30-40}$$

$$b = \begin{cases} 30\text{cm} \\ \frac{\text{Spacing}}{20} \end{cases} \quad \text{أيضاً أكبر}$$

$$t_{(tie)} = \frac{L}{40-50}$$

$$h = \frac{L}{6-8}$$

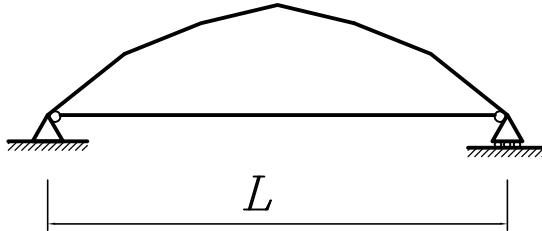
$$t_{(Column)} = \frac{H}{9}$$

Hanger or post (250*250)

ملحوظة

اذا كانت المسافة بين (hangers or posts) اقل من او تساوى $\frac{\text{spacing}}{2}$ فان البلاطات تكون (One way solid slabs) اما اذا كانت اكبر من $\frac{\text{spacing}}{2}$ فان البلاطات تكون (One way H.B.slabs)

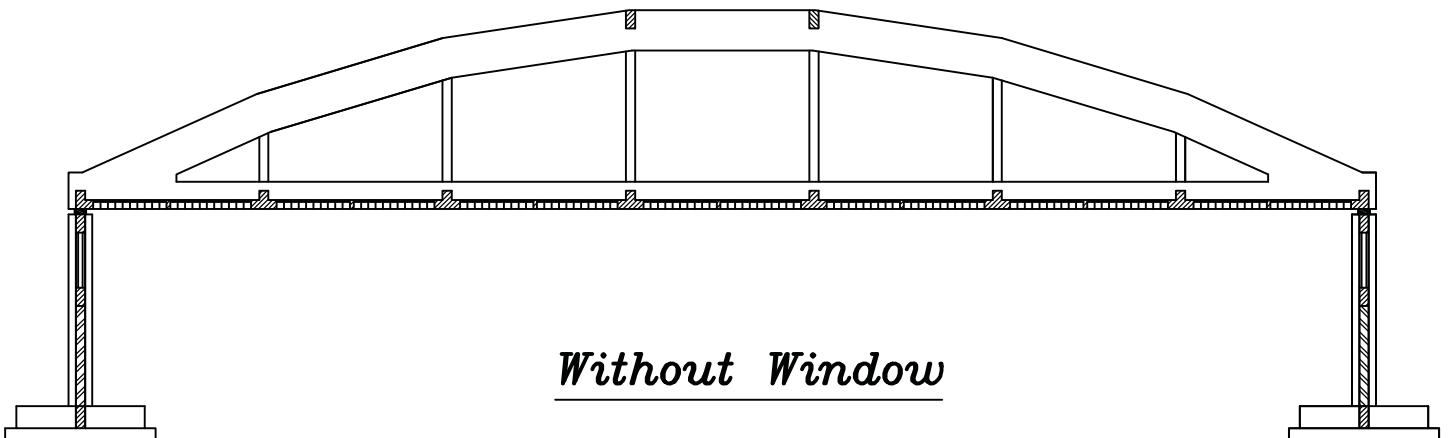
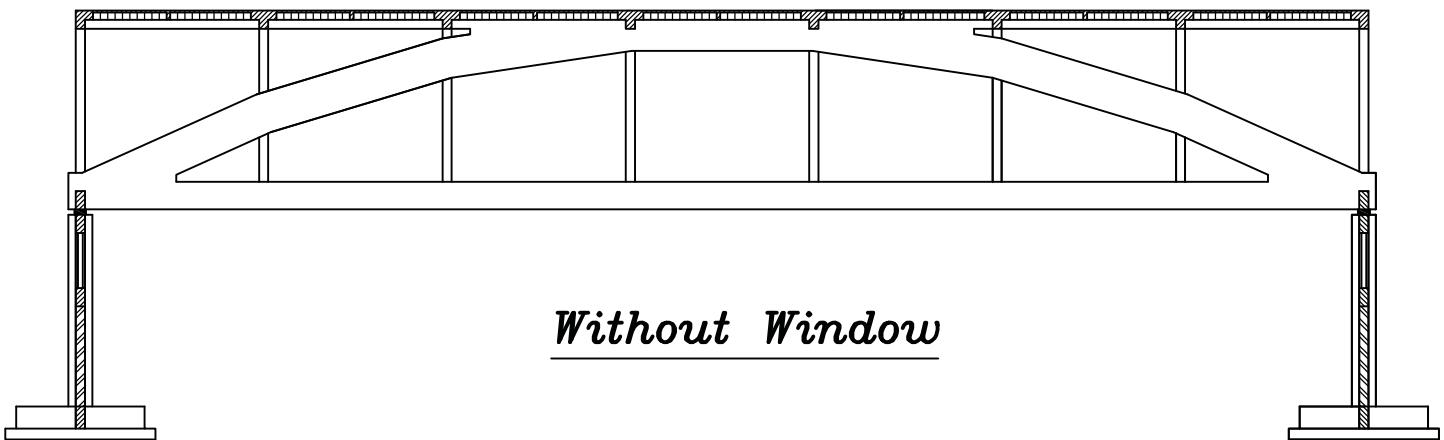
Statical system

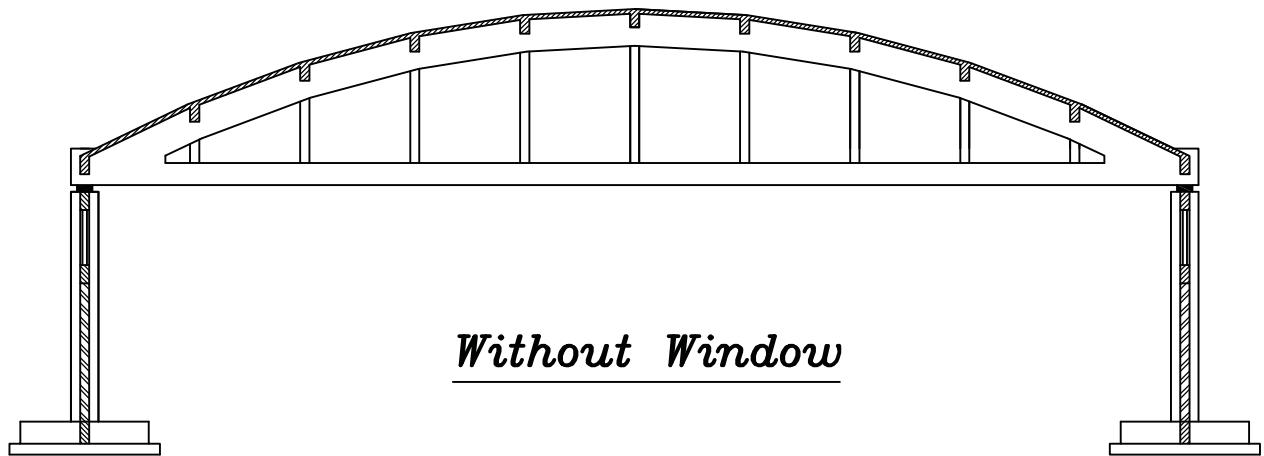
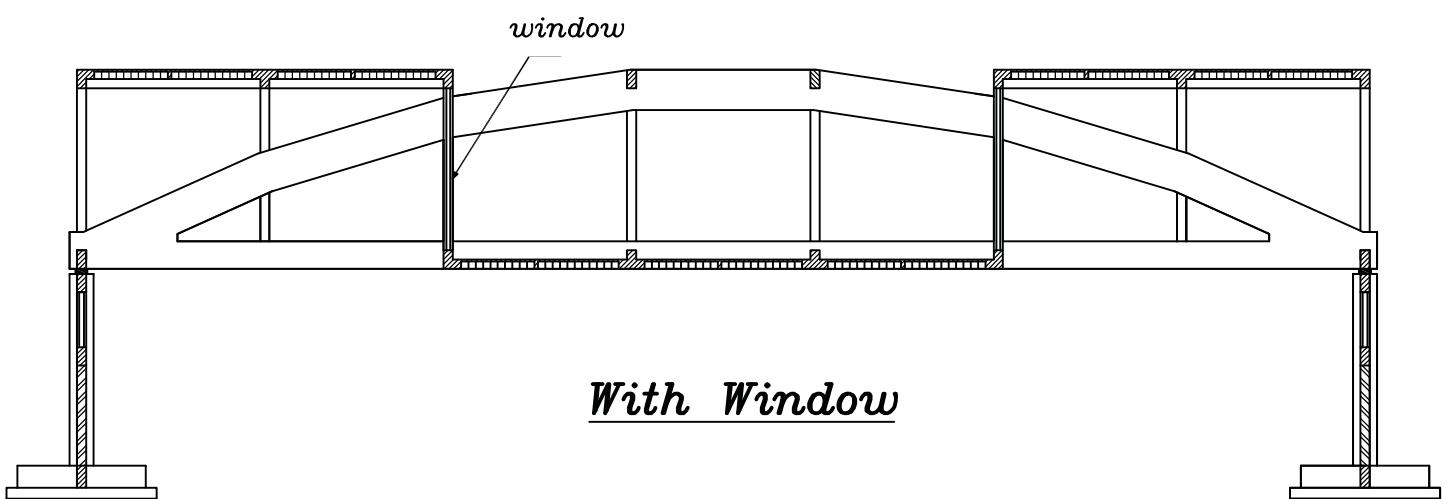
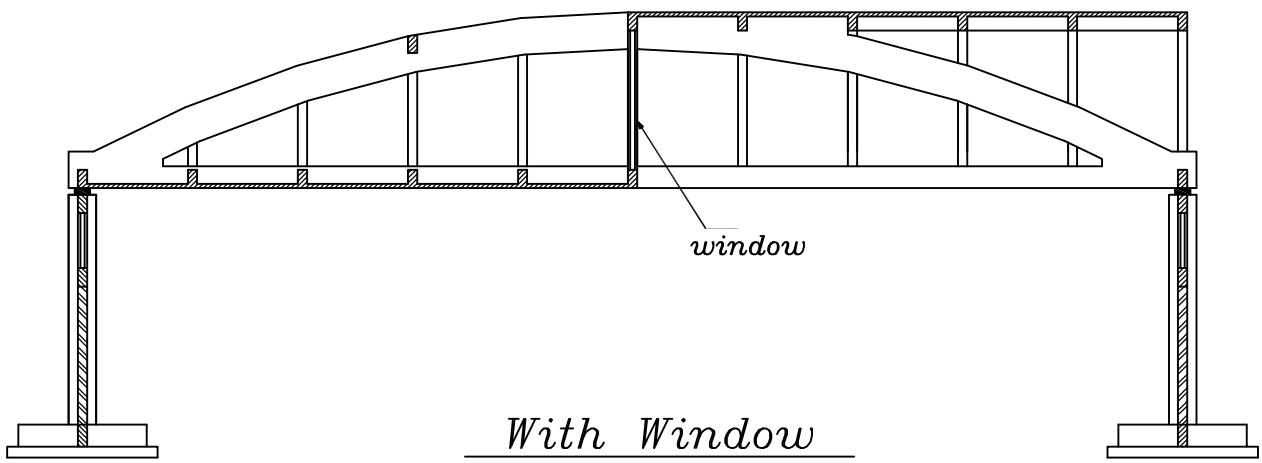


ملحوظة

لا توجد ترحيل للقواعد لأن العمدة عليها ($N.f.$) فقط

Positions of slabs

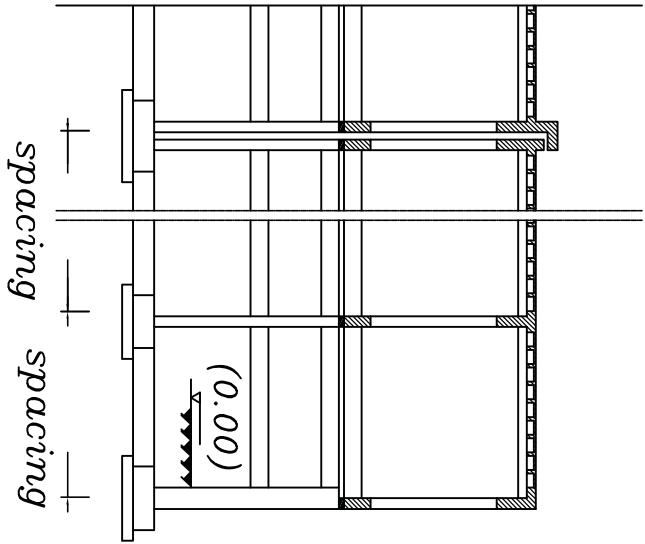
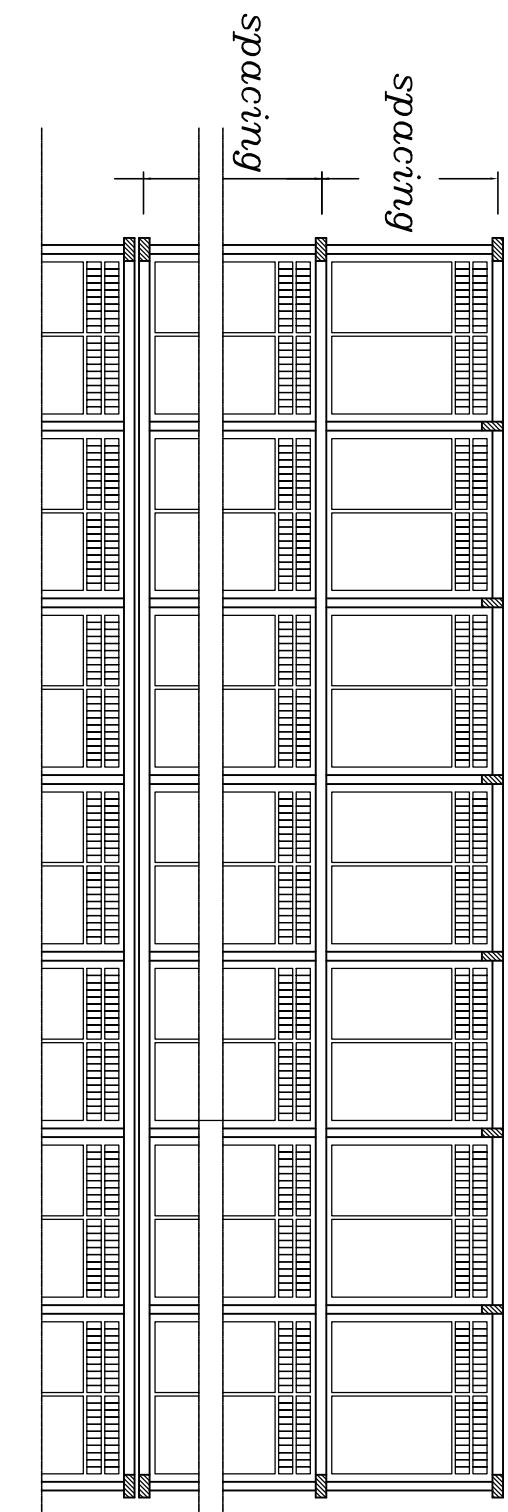




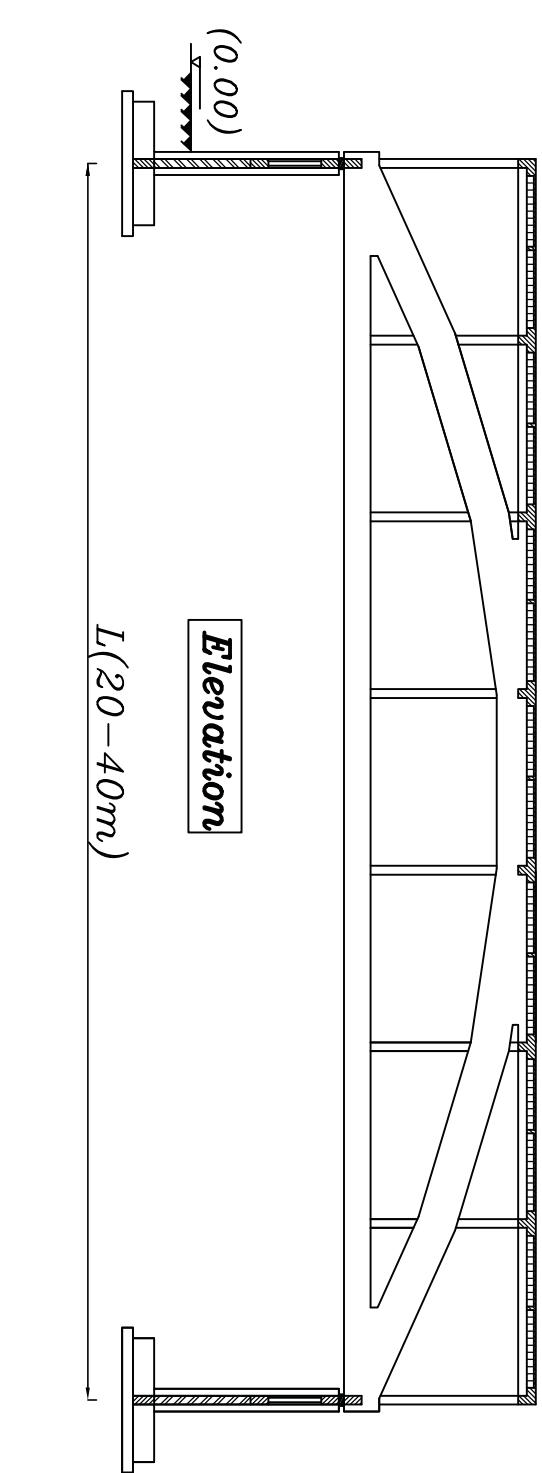
KEY PLAN

1:200 → 1:400

Plan



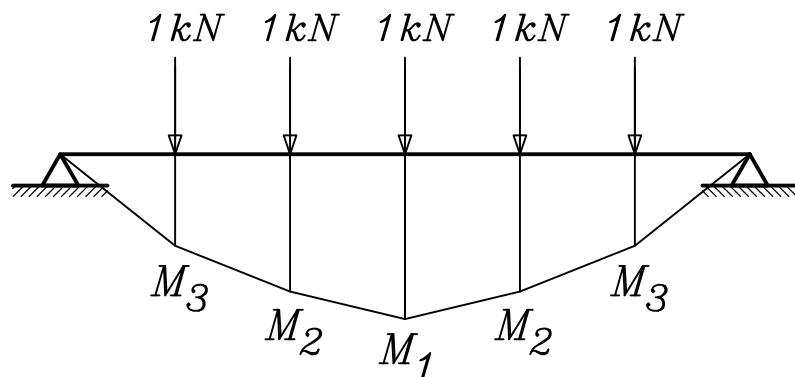
Side view



How to draw Arch girder

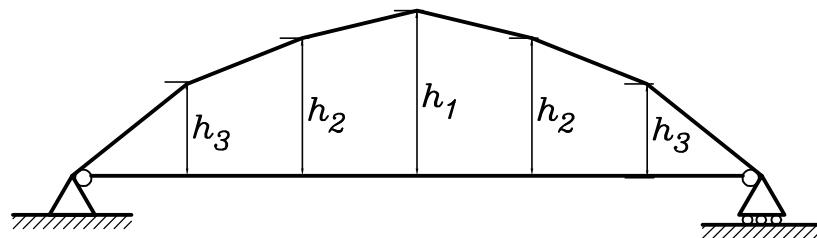
- نفرض للكمرات الثانوية رد فعل = $1.0kN$

- نرسم شكل (Main girder) للـ (B.M.D.)



- نتيجة لأن شكل (Arch girder) هو مقلوب شكل (B.M.D.) بنفس نسب العزوم

فإنه

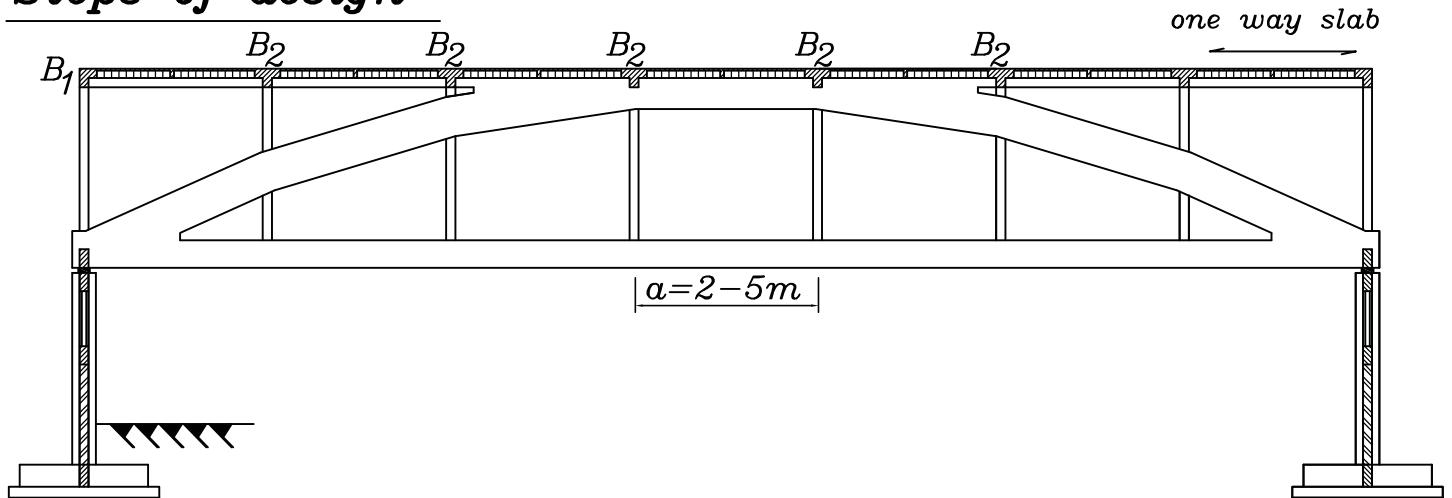


$$\frac{h_1}{M_1} = \frac{h_2}{M_2} = \frac{h_3}{M_3}$$

يمكن ايجاد الارتفاعات الاخرى h_2 & h_3

$$h_1 = \frac{L}{6-8}$$

Steps of design



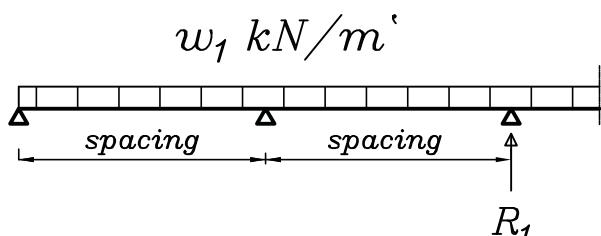
1) Load From Slab:

$$w_{su} = 1.4[t_s \gamma_c + F.c.] + 1.6L.L \quad (\text{for S.S.})$$

$$w_{su} = \frac{1.4[t_s \gamma_c * (e+b) + b h \gamma_c + 5 * \text{wt. of block}]}{(e+b)} + 1.4F.C. + 1.6*L.L. \\ = --- kN/m^2$$

For B₁

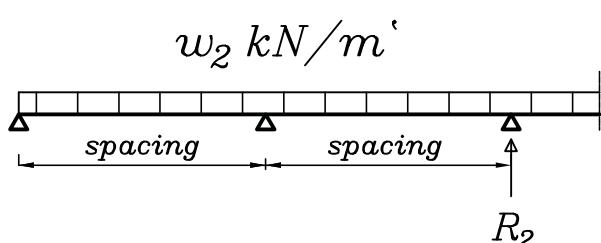
$$w_1 = \gamma_c b t * 1.40 + w_s \frac{a}{2} kN/m$$



$$R_1 = w_1 * \text{Spacing}$$

For B₂

$$w_2 = \gamma_c b t * 1.40 + w_s * a \quad kN/m$$



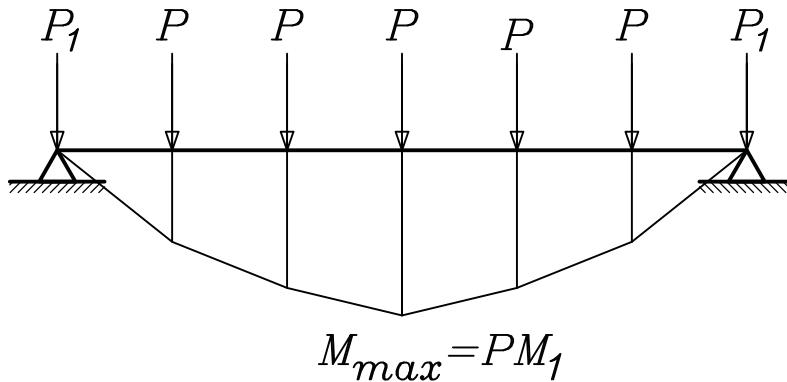
$$R_2 = w_2 * \text{Spacing}$$

2) Design of Arch girder:

$$P = R_2 + o.w \text{ of Arch} * a$$

$$P_1 = R_1 + o.w \text{ of Arch } \left(\frac{a}{2}\right)$$

where o.w.of Arch girder=12 $\rightarrow 14 \text{ kN/m}'$ (working)



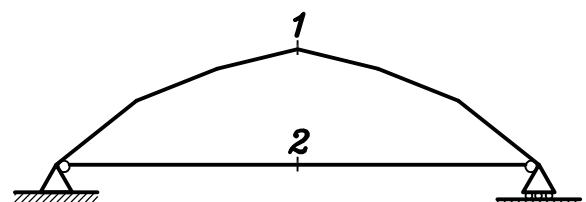
Get $M_{max} = PM_1$

Where M_1 is B.M. at midspan due to 1.0kN

$$C = T = \frac{0.95M_{max}}{h} \quad , \quad M_{des} = 0.05M_{max}$$

Design of sections:

Sec.(1-1) $N_{u.l.} = \frac{0.95M_{max}}{h}$
 $M_{u.l.} = 0.05M_{max}$



Sec.(2-2) $T_{u.l.} = \frac{0.95M_{max}}{h} \rightarrow A_s = \frac{T_{u.l.}}{f_y / \gamma_s}$

3) Design of hanger

$$T = o.w.(hanger) + o.w.(Tie) + R_2$$

$$= 0.25^2 * \gamma_c * 1.40 * h + \gamma_c b t_{tie} * 1.40 * a + R_2$$

$$A_s = \frac{T}{f_y / \gamma_s}$$

ملحوظة

إذا كانت البلاطة علوية فان ال(hanger) لا يحمل أى كمرة وبالتالي

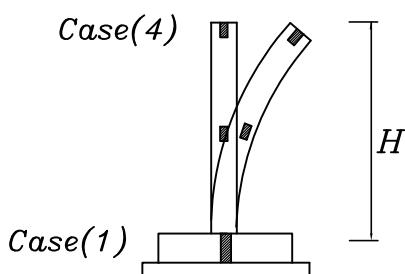
$$T = 0.25^2 * \gamma_c * 1.40 * h + \gamma_c b t_{tie} * 1.40 * a$$

4) Design of Columns

$$N_{u.l.} = \Sigma P / 2$$

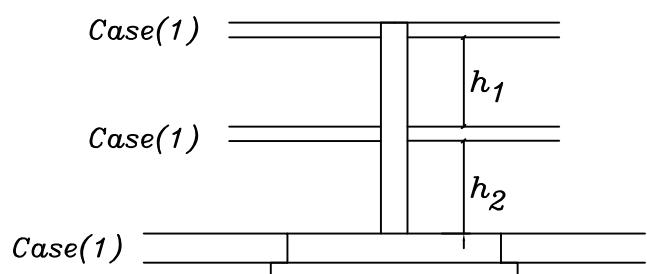
Check Buckling

Inside plane



$$\lambda_{b_{in}} = \frac{2.2 * H}{t}$$

Outside plane

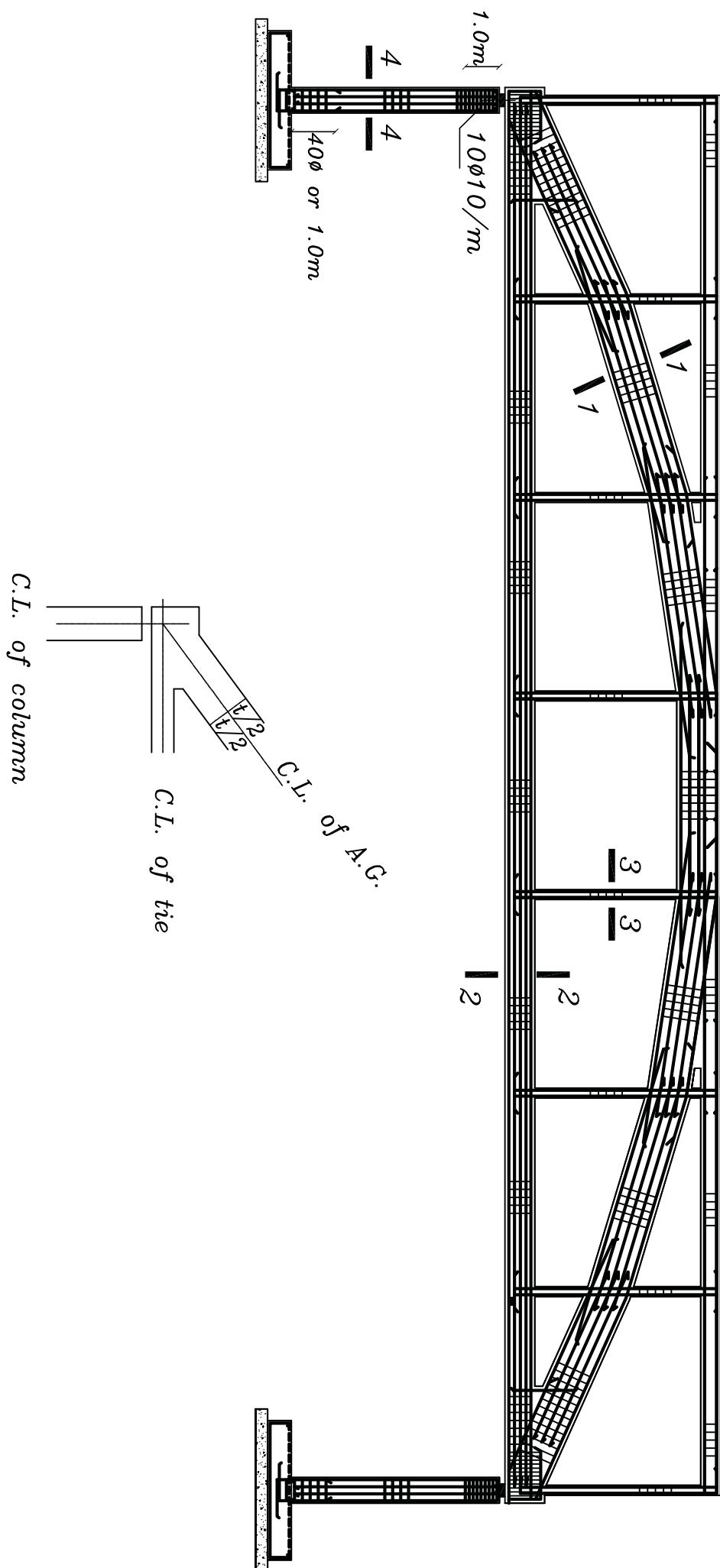


$$\lambda_{b_{out}} = \frac{1.2 * h_{max}}{b}$$

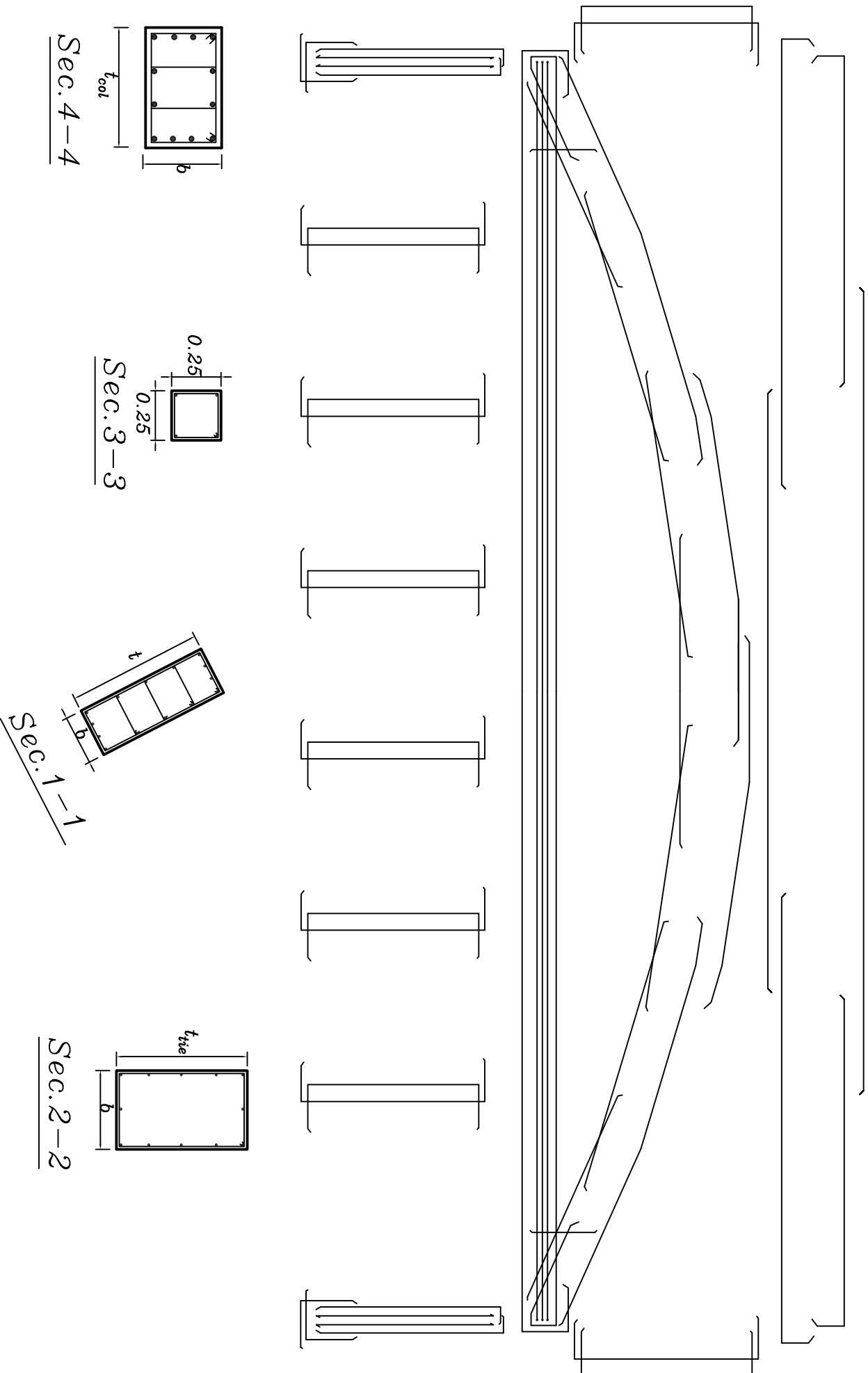
(Where h_{max} is the bigger from h_1, h_2)

Design section on $N_{u.l.}, M_{add}$

R.F.T. of the Arch girder



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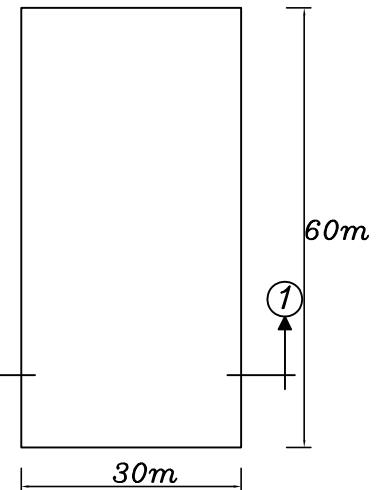
Example

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this Area.

2—Design all Slabs and draw plan of Rft.

3—Design the main supporting element
and draw details of Rft.

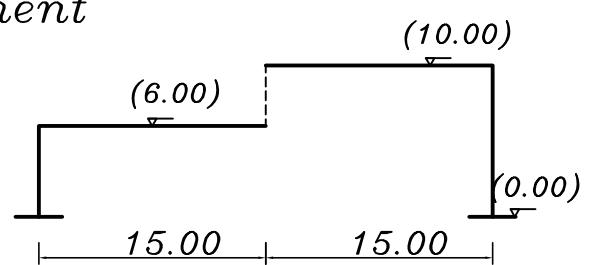


$$F.C. = 1.5 \text{ kN/m}^2, L.L = 1.0 \text{ kN/m}^2$$

$$f_{cu} = 25 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

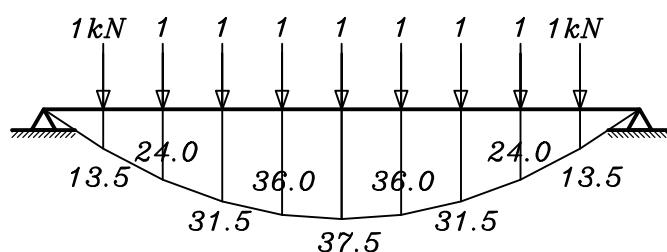
$$f_y = 360 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

Sec. (1-1)



Solution

To draw Arch girder:



$$h_1 = 4.00 \text{ m}$$

$$\frac{4}{37.5} = \frac{h_2}{36} = \frac{h_3}{31.5} = \frac{h_4}{24} = \frac{h_5}{13.5}$$

$$h_2 = 3.84 \text{ m}, \quad h_3 = 3.36 \text{ m}, \quad h_4 = 2.56 \text{ m}, \quad h_5 = 1.44 \text{ m}$$

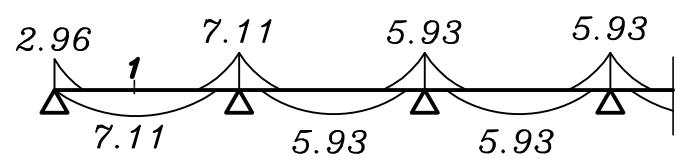
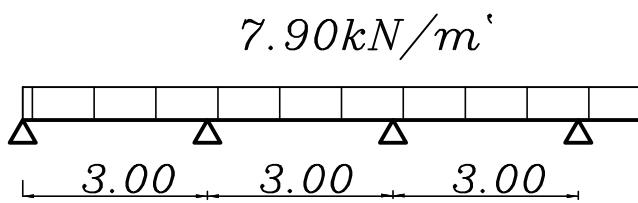
Design of solid slabs

$$t_s = \frac{300}{24} = 12.5 \text{ cm}$$

take $t_s = 12 \text{ cm}$ (Check def.)

$$w_{su} = 1.4[0.12*25 + 1.5] + 1.6*1.0$$

$$w_{su} = 7.9 \text{ kN/m}^2$$



Sec. (1-1)

$$100 = C_1 \sqrt{\frac{7.11 * 10^6}{1000 * 25}} \quad C_1 = 5.93 \quad J = 0.826$$

$$A_s = \frac{7.11 * 10^6}{0.826 * 100 * 360} = 2.39 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m} = 5\#8/\text{m}$$

For Secandry beams (250*500)

For B_1

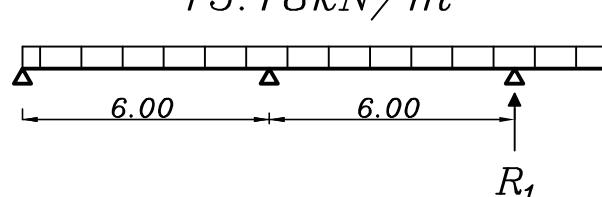
$$w_1 = \gamma_c b (t - t_s) * 1.40 + w_s \frac{a}{2} \text{ kN/m}$$

$$w_1 = 25 * 0.25 * (0.5 - 0.12) * 1.40 + 7.9 * \frac{3.0}{2}$$

$$w_1 = 15.18 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$R_1 = w_1 * \text{Spacing}$$

$$R_1 = 15.18 * 6 = 91.05 \text{ kN}$$



For B_2

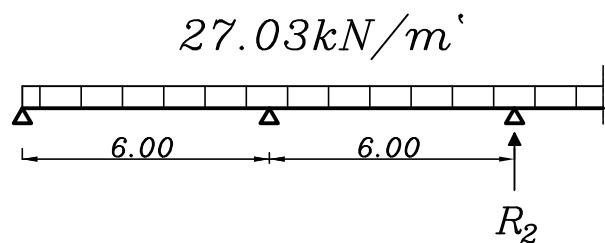
$$w_2 = \gamma_c b(t - t_s) * 1.40 + w_s * a \quad kN/m'$$

$$w_2 = 25 * 0.25 * (0.5 - 0.12) * 1.40 + 7.9 * 3.0$$

$$w_2 = 27.03 kN/m'$$

$$R_2 = w_2 * \text{Spacing}$$

$$R_2 = 27.03 * 6 = 162.15 kN$$



Design of Arch girder

$$P = R_2 + o.w \text{ of Arch girder} * a$$

$$P = 162.15 + 13 * 1.40 * 3$$

$$P = 216.75 kN$$

$$P_1 = R_1 + o.w \text{ of Arch } \left(\frac{a}{2}\right)$$

$$P_1 = 91.05 + 13 * 1.40 * 1.50 = 118.35 kN$$

$$M_{max} = P M_1 = 216.75 * 37.5$$

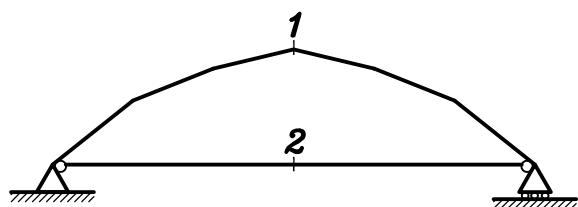
$$M_{max} = 8128.13 \text{ kN.m}$$

$$C = T = \frac{0.95 M_{max}}{h} = \frac{0.95 * 8128.13}{4} = 1930.43 \text{ kN}$$

$$M_{des} = 0.05 M_{max} \rightarrow M_{des} = 0.05 * 8128.13$$

$$M_{des} = 406.4 \text{ kN.m}$$

Sec. (1-1) (300*1000)



$$N_u = 1930.43 kN$$

$$M_{u.l} = 406.4 \text{ kN.m}$$

$$\frac{N_{u.l}}{bt f_{cu}} = \frac{1930.43 * 10^3}{300 * 1000 * 25} = 0.26$$

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$$e = \frac{M_{u.l}}{N_{u.l}} = \frac{406.4}{1930.43} = 0.21 \quad \rightarrow \quad \frac{e}{t} = \frac{0.21}{1} = 0.21 < 0.5$$

use I.D.

$$\frac{Mu.l}{bt^2 f_{cu}} = \frac{406.4 * 10^6}{300 * 1000^2 * 25} = 0.05$$

$\rho_{<1}$ Take $\rho = 1$

$$A_s = A_s' = 1 * 10^{-4} * 25 * 300 * 1000$$

$$A_s = A_s' = 750 \text{ mm}^2 = 7.50 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$A_s \text{ Total} = 7.50 * 2 = 15.0 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$A_s \text{ min} = \frac{0.6}{100} * 30 * 100 = 18.0 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$A_s = 12 \# 16$$

Sec. (2-2) (300*600)

$$T_{u.l} = 1930.43 \text{ kN}$$

$$A_s = \frac{T_{u.l}}{f_y / \gamma_s} = \frac{1930.43 * 10^3}{360 / 1.15}$$

$$A_s = 61.7 \text{ cm}^2 = 14 \# 25$$

Desin of hanger

$$T_{u.l} = 0.25^2 * 4 * 25 * 1.40 + 0.3 * 0.6 * 25 * 1.40 * 3 + 162.15$$

$$T_{u.l} = 189.80 \text{ kN}$$

$$A_s = \frac{189.80 * 10^3}{360 / 1.15} = 6.06 \text{ cm}^2 = 4 \# 16$$

Design of Columns (300*750)

$$N_{u.l.} = \Sigma P / 2$$

$$N_{u.l.} = \frac{9 * 216.75}{2} + 118.35$$

$$N_{u.l.} = 1093.73 \text{ kN}$$

$$\lambda_b_{in} = \frac{2.2 * 6.75}{0.75} = 19.8 \checkmark$$

$$\lambda_b_{out} = \frac{1.2 * 4.25}{0.30} = 17.00$$

Buckling inside plane

$$\delta_b = \frac{\lambda_b^2 t}{2000} = \frac{19.80^2 * 0.75}{2000} = 0.147 \text{ m}$$

$$M_{add} = 1093.73 * 0.147 = 160.78 \text{ kN.m}$$

$$\frac{N_{u.l.}}{bt f_{cu}} = \frac{1093.73 * 10^3}{300 * 750 * 25} = 0.19 \quad \zeta = \frac{750 - 100}{750} = 0.87$$

$$\frac{M_{u.l.}}{bt^2 f_{cu}} = \frac{160.78 * 10^6}{300 * 750^2 * 25} = 0.038$$

$\rho < 1$ Take $\rho = 1$

$$A_s = A_s' = 1 * 10^{-4} * 25 * 30 * 75 = 5.63 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$A_{s \ min} = \frac{0.25 + 0.052 * 19.80}{100} * 30 * 75 = 28.79 \text{ cm}^2$$

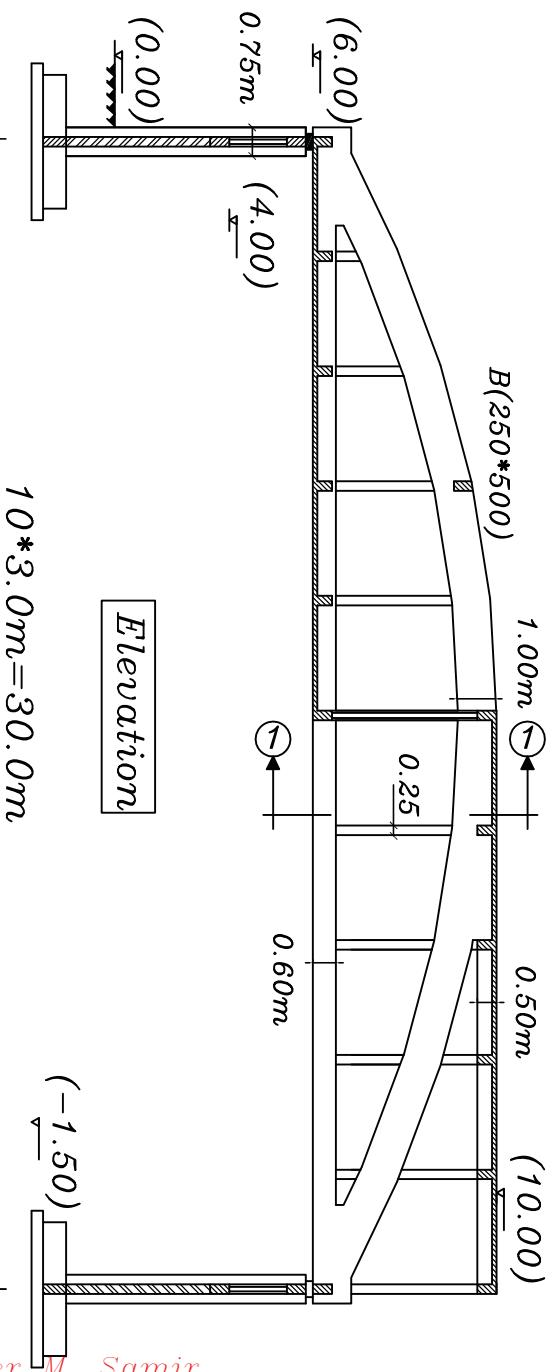
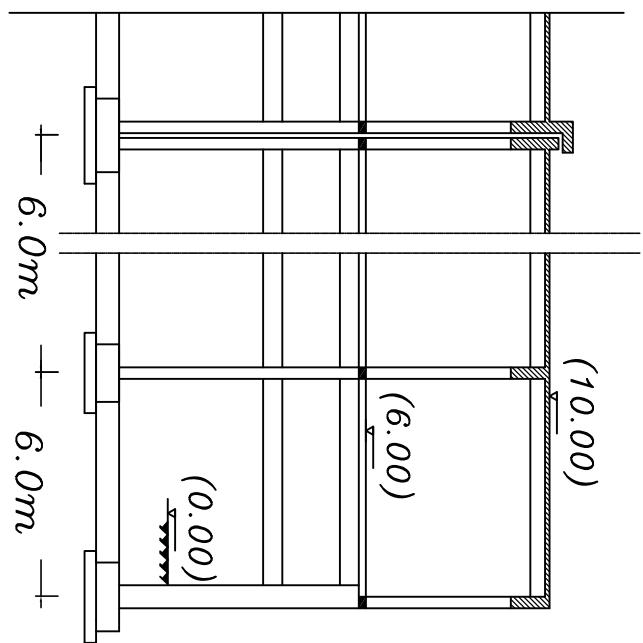
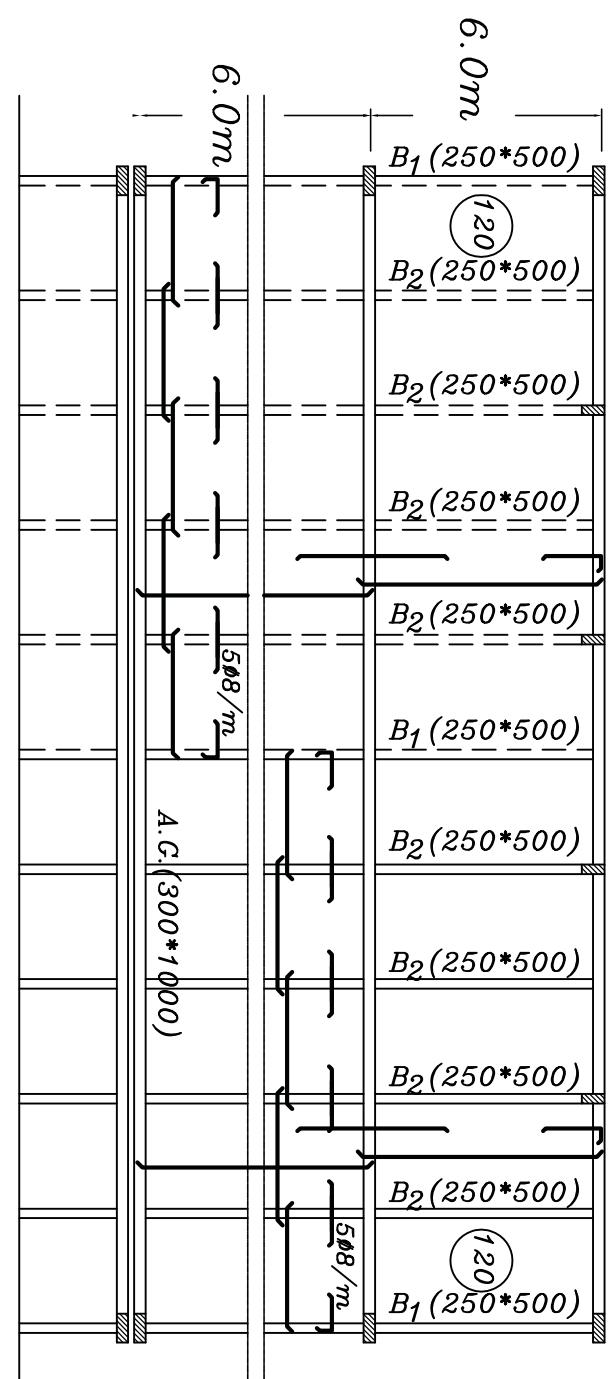
$$A_s = 12 \phi 18$$

KEY PLAN

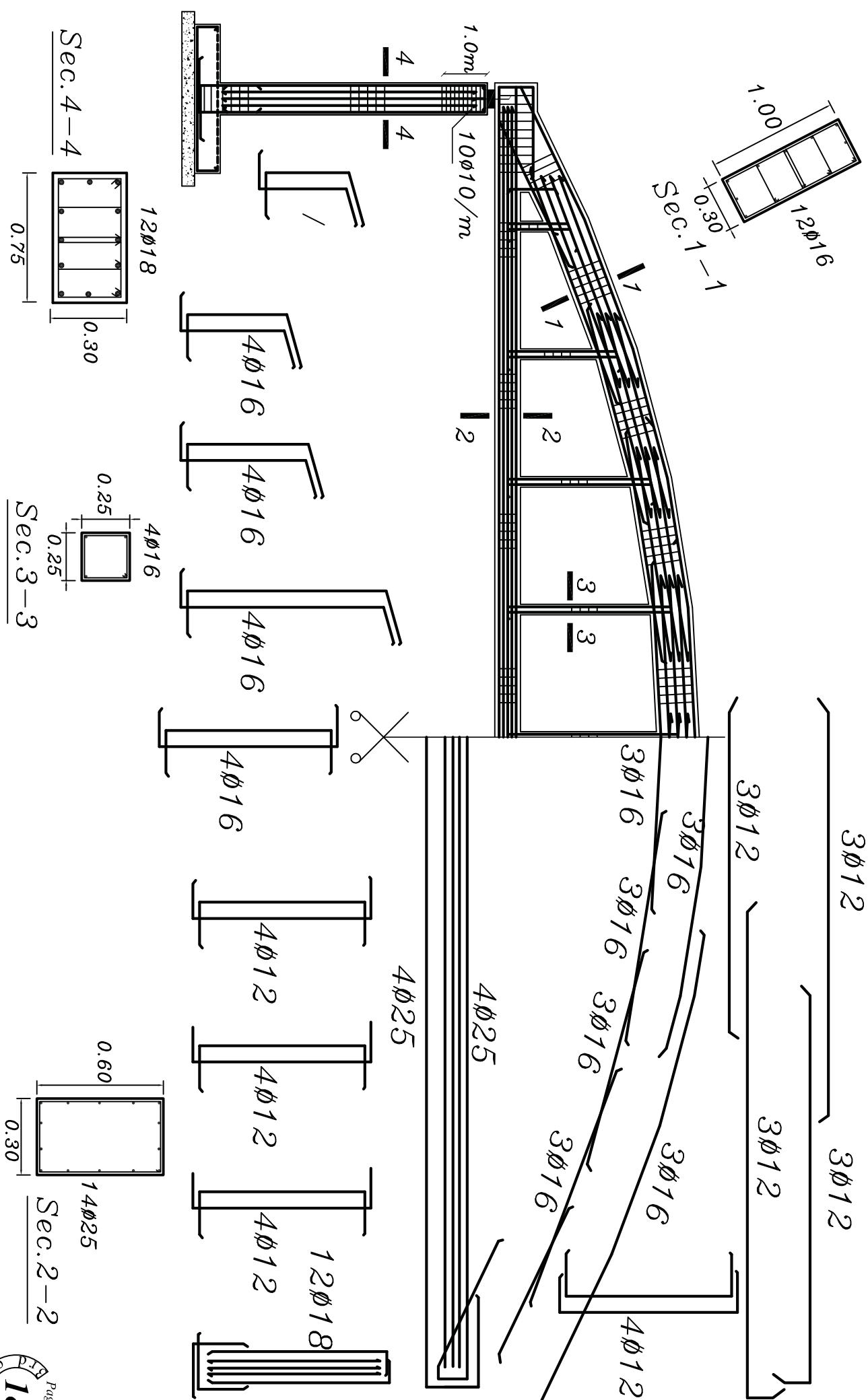
1:200 → 1:400

Plan

$$10 * 3.0m = 30.0m$$



R.F.T. of the Arch girder



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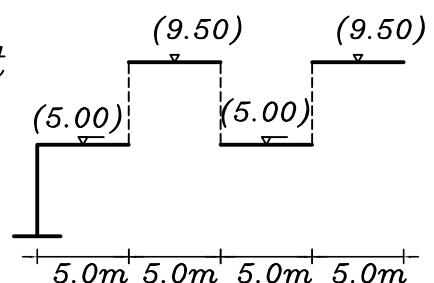
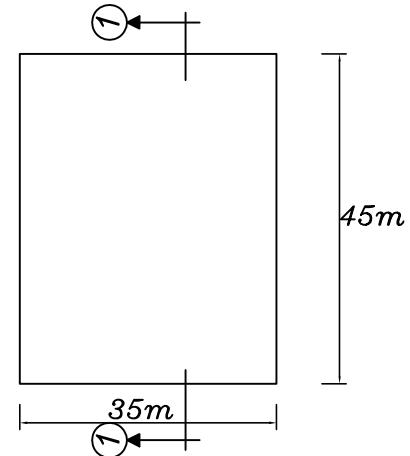
Example

For the given plan and cross-section,
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1—Choose the suitable system to cover
this Area.

2—Design all Slabs and draw plan of Rft.

3—Design the main supporting element
and draw details of Rft.



$$F.C. = 1.5 \text{ kN/m}^2, L.L = 1.0 \text{ kN/m}^2$$

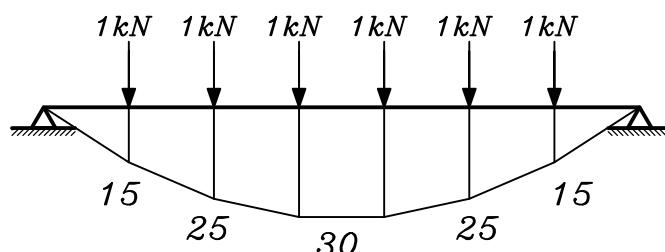
$$f_{cu} = 25 \text{ N/mm}^2 \quad f_y = 360 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

Sec. (1-1)

wt block = 0.15 kN

Solution

To draw Arch girder:



$$h_1 = 4.50 \text{ m}$$

$$\frac{4.5}{30.0} = \frac{h_2}{25.0} = \frac{h_3}{15.0}$$

$$h_2 = 3.75 \text{ m}, \quad h_3 = 2.25 \text{ m}$$

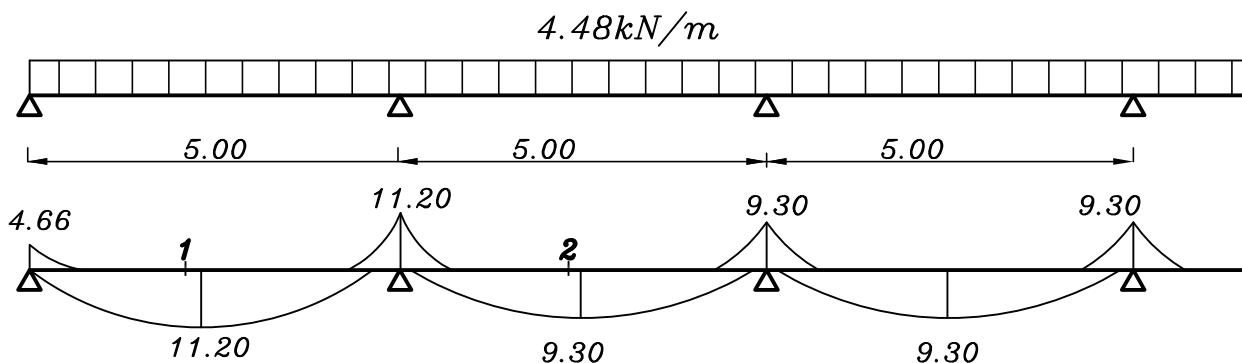
Design of H.B. slabs

$$t_s = \frac{500}{18} = 27.78\text{cm} \quad \text{Take } t = 25\text{cm} \quad [20\text{cm} + 5\text{cm}]_{\text{(block)}} \quad [5\text{cm}]_{\text{(slab)}}$$

$$w_{su} = \frac{1.4[0.05*25*0.5 + 0.1*0.2*25 + 5*0.16]}{0.50} + 1.4*1.5 + 1.6*1.0$$

$$w_{su} = 8.95 \text{ kN/m}^2$$

$$w_{su/Rib} = 0.5 * 8.95 = 4.48 \text{ kN/m}$$



Sec. (1-1)

$$220 = C_1 \sqrt{\frac{11.20 * 10^6}{500 * 25}} \quad C_1 = 7.52 \quad J = 0.826$$

$$A_s = \frac{11.20 * 10^6}{0.826 * 360 * 220} = 171 \text{ mm}^2 / \text{rib}$$

$$A_s = 2 \phi 12 / \text{rib}$$

Sec. (2-2)

$$A_s = \frac{9.30 * 10^6}{0.826 * 360 * 220} = 142 \text{ mm}^2 / \text{rib}$$

$$A_s = 2 \phi 10 / \text{Rib}$$

For Secandry beams (250*500)

For B₁

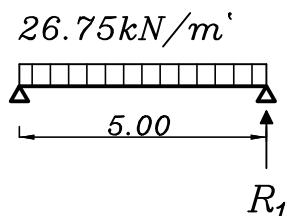
$$w_1 = \gamma_c b t * 1.40 + w_s \frac{a}{2} \text{ kN/m'}$$

$$w_1 = 25 * 0.25 * 0.5 * 1.40 + 8.95 * \frac{5.0}{2}$$

$$w_1 = 26.75 \text{ kN/m'}$$

$$R_1 = w_1 * \text{Spacing}/2$$

$$R_1 = 26.75 * 5 / 2 = 66.88 \text{ kN}$$



For B₂

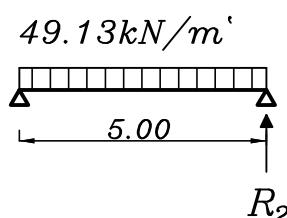
$$w_2 = \gamma_c b t * 1.40 + w_s * a \text{ kN/m'}$$

$$w_2 = 25 * 0.25 * 0.5 * 1.40 + 8.95 * 5.0$$

$$w_2 = 49.13 \text{ kN/m'}$$

$$R_2 = w_2 * \text{Spacing}/2$$

$$R_2 = 49.13 * 5 / 2 = 122.80 \text{ kN}$$



Design of Arch girder

$$P = 2R_2 + o.w \text{ of Arch girder} * a$$

$$P = 2 * 122.80 + 14 * 1.40 * 5$$

$$P = 343.63 \text{ kN}$$

$$P_1 = 2R_1 + o.w \text{ of Arch } \left(\frac{a}{2} \right)$$

$$P_1 = 2 * 66.88 + 14 * 1.40 * 2.50 = 182.76 \text{ kN}$$

$$M_{max} = P M_1 = 343.63 * 30.0$$

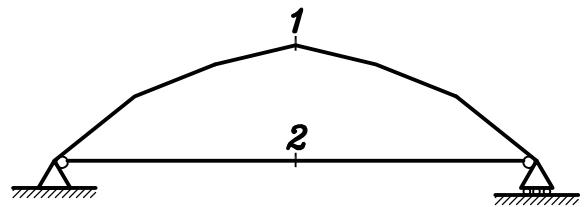
$$M_{max} = 10308.90 \text{ kN.m}$$

$$C = T = \frac{0.95 M_{max}}{h} = \frac{0.95 * 10308.90}{4.50} = 2176.32 \text{ kN}$$

$$M_{des} = 0.05 M_{max} \rightarrow M_{des} = 0.05 * 10308.90$$

$$M_{des} = 515.44 \text{ kN.m}$$

Sec. (1-1) (300*1100)



$$N_u = 2176.32 \text{ kN}$$

$$Mu.l = 515.44 \text{ kN.m}$$

$$\frac{Nu.l}{bt f_{cu}} = \frac{2176.32 * 10^3}{300 * 1100 * 25} = 0.26$$

$$e = \frac{Mu.l}{N_u.l} = \frac{515.44}{2176.32} = 0.24 \rightarrow \frac{e}{t} = \frac{0.24}{1.1} = 0.21 < 0.5$$

use I.D.

$$\frac{Mu.l}{bt^2 f_{cu}} = \frac{515.44 * 10^6}{300 * 1100^2 * 25} = 0.06$$

$\rho < 1$ Take $\rho = 1$

$$A_s = A_s' = 1 * 10^{-4} * 25 * 300 * 1100$$

$$A_s = A_s' = 825 \text{ mm}^2 = 8.25 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$A_S \text{ Total} = 8.25 * 2 = 16.5 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$A_S \text{ min} = \frac{0.6}{100} * 30 * 110 = 19.8 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$A_s = 12 \phi 16$$

Sec. (2-2) (300*700)

$$T_{u.l} = 2176.32 \text{ kN}$$

$$A_s = \frac{T_{u.l}}{f_y / \gamma_s} = \frac{2176.32 * 10^3}{360 / 1.15}$$

$$A_s = 69.52 \text{ cm}^2 = 16 \phi 25$$

Design of hanger

$$T_{u.l} = 0.25^2 * 4.5 * 25 * 1.40 + 0.3 * 0.7 * 25 * 1.40 * 5 + 122.80$$

$$T_{u.l} = 169.40 \text{ kN}$$

$$A_s = \frac{169.40 * 10^3}{360 / 1.15} = 5.40 \text{ cm}^2 = 4 \phi 16$$

Design of Columns (300*650)

$$N_{u.l.} = \Sigma P / 2$$

$$N_{u.l.} = \frac{6 * 343.63}{2} + 182.76$$

$$N_{u.l.} = 1213.65 \text{ kN}$$

$$\delta_{b_{in}} = \frac{2.2 * 5.75}{0.65} = 19.46 \quad \delta_{b_{out}} = \frac{1.2 * 3.25}{0.30} = 13.00$$

Column is long col. inside & outside plan

$$\delta_b = \frac{\delta_b^2 t}{2000} = \frac{19.46^2 * 0.65}{2000} = 0.123 \text{ m}$$

$$M_{add} = 1213.65 * 0.123 = 149.37 \text{ kN.m}$$

$$\frac{N_{u.l.}}{bt f_{cu}} = \frac{1213.65 * 10^3}{300 * 650 * 25} = 0.25 \quad \zeta = \frac{650 - 100}{650} = 0.85$$

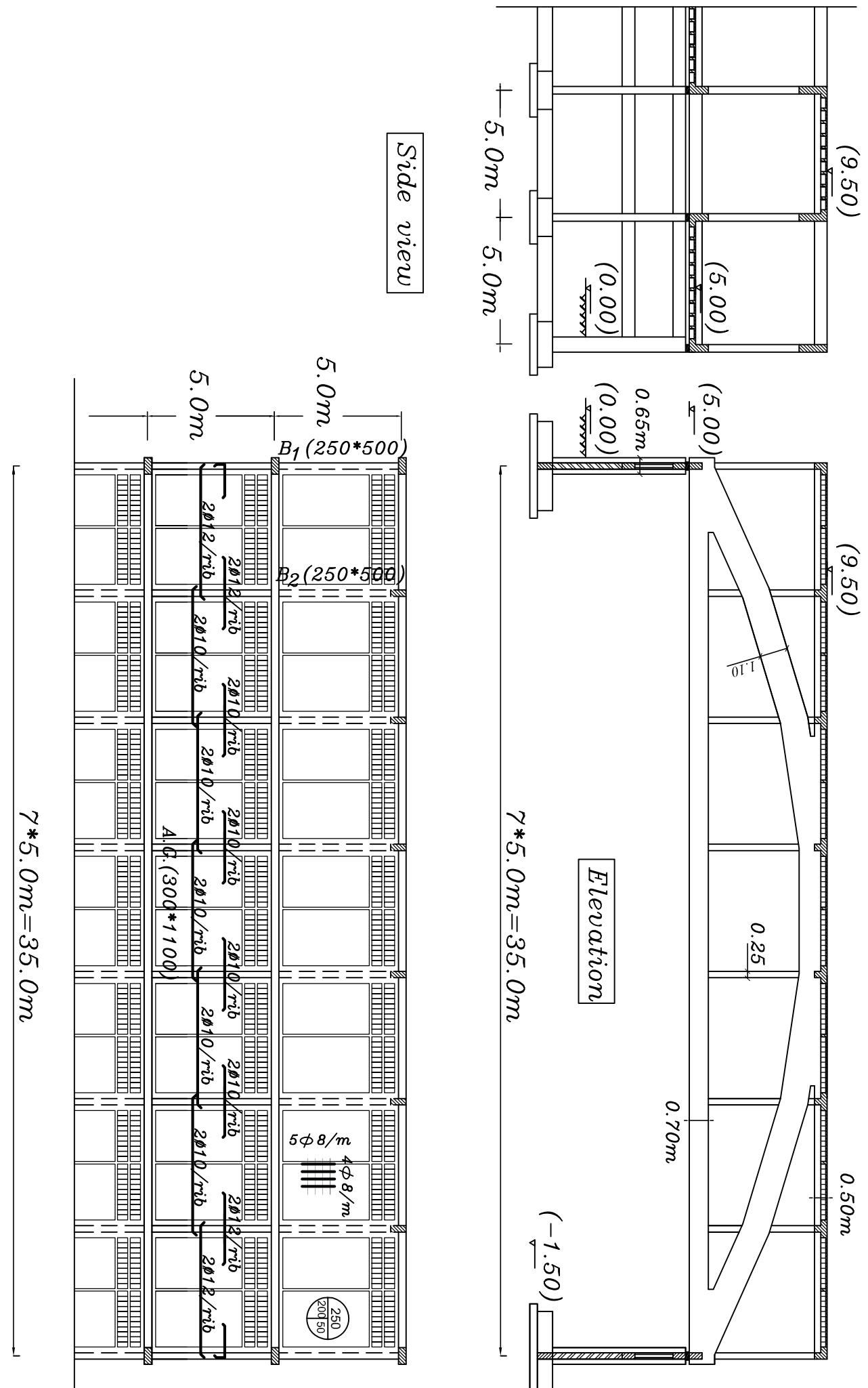
$$\frac{M_{u.l.}}{bt^2 f_{cu}} = \frac{149.37 * 10^6}{300 * 650^2 * 25} = 0.047$$

$\rho < 1$ Take $\rho = 1$

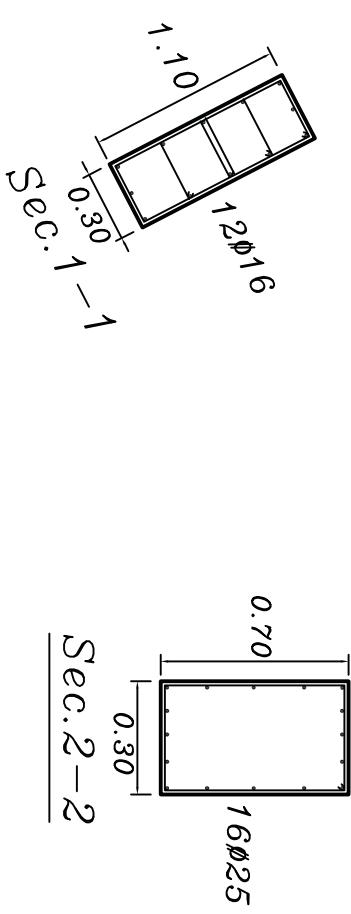
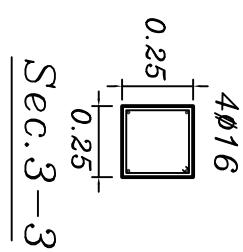
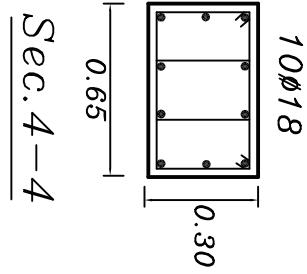
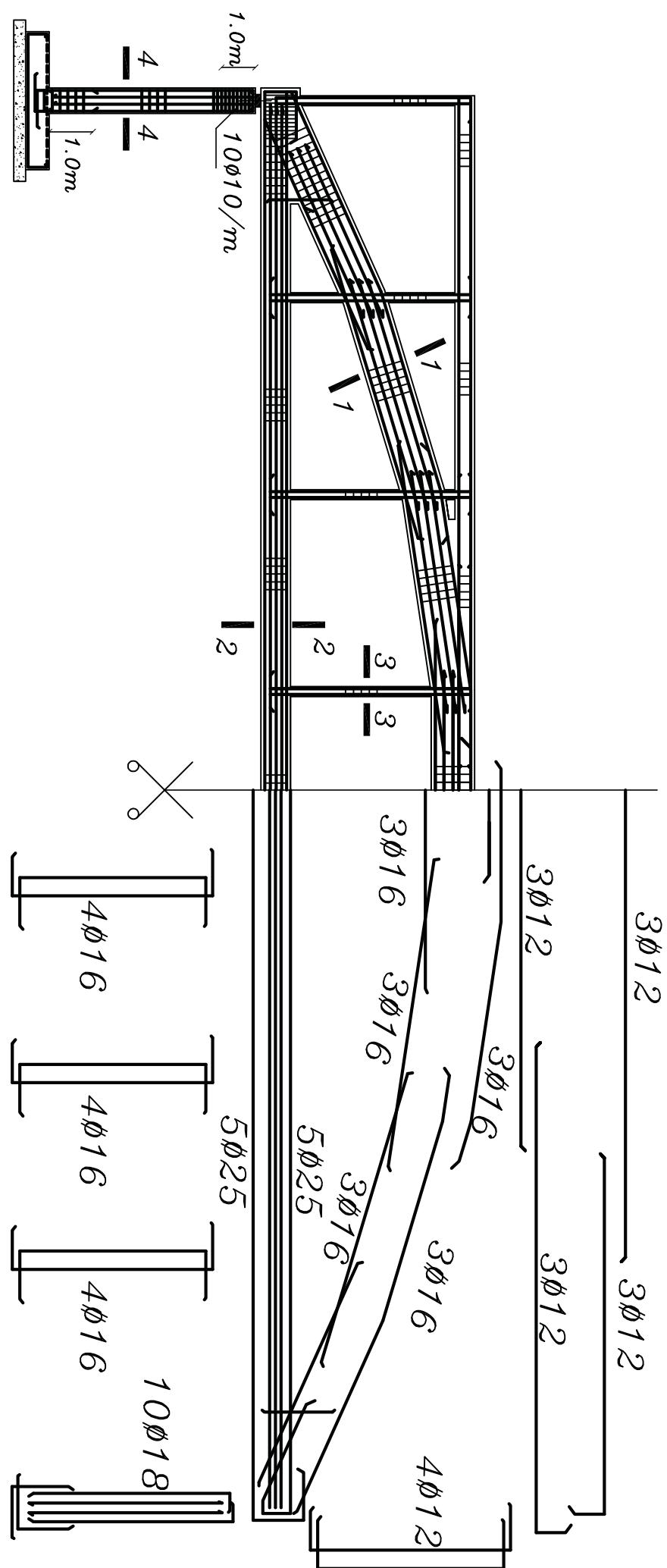
$$A_s = A_s' = 1 * 10^{-4} * 25 * 30 * 65 = 4.88 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$A_{s \min} = \frac{0.25 + 0.052 * 19.46}{100} * 30 * 65 = 24.61 \text{ cm}^2$$

$A_s = 10 \phi 18$ By Eng. Ezz El-Din Mostafa & Eng. Yasser M. Samir



R.F.T. of the Arch girder



Example

For the given plan, it is required to:

1—Choose the suitable system to cover this Area.

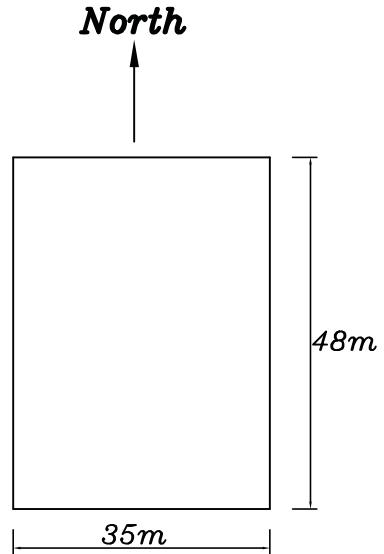
2—Design all Slabs and draw plan of Rft.

3—Design the main supporting element and draw details of Rft.

$$F.C. = 1.5 \text{ kN/m}^2, L.L = 0.5 \text{ kN/m}^2$$

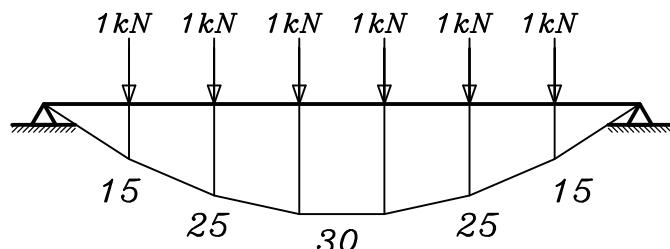
$$f_{cu} = 25 \text{ N/mm}^2, f_y = 360 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

$$\text{wt block} = 0.15 \text{ kN}$$



Solution

To draw Arch girder:



$$h_1 = 4.50 \text{ m}$$

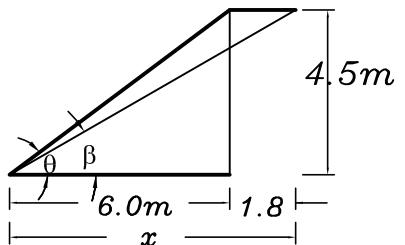
$$\frac{4.5}{30.0} = \frac{h_2}{25.0} = \frac{h_3}{15.0}$$

$$h_2 = 3.75 \text{ m}, h_3 = 2.25 \text{ m}$$

Design of H.B. slabs

$$t_s = \frac{500}{18} = 27.78\text{cm}$$

Take $t_s = 25\text{cm}$ [20cm + 5cm]
(block) (slab)



$$\theta = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4.5}{6.0}\right) = 36.87 > 30^\circ$$

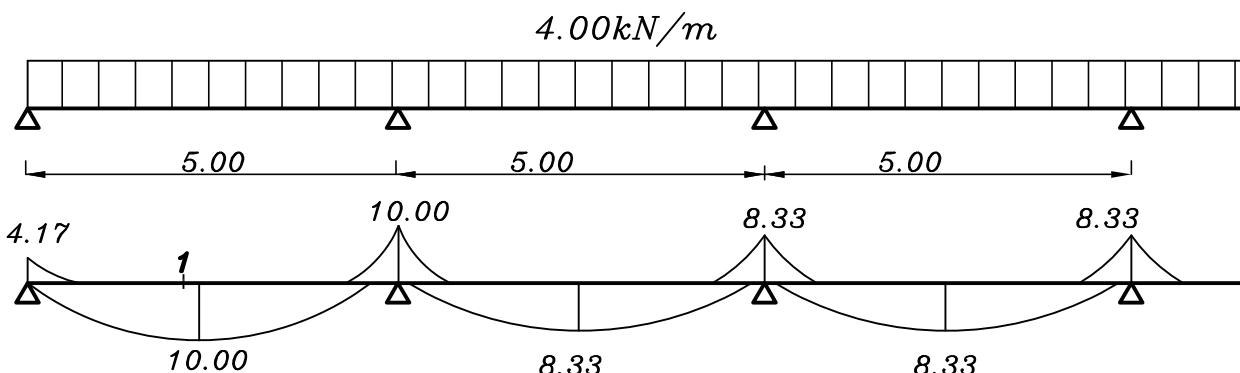
$$\beta = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4.5}{x}\right) = 30^\circ$$

$$x = 7.80\text{m} \rightarrow L_c = 1.8\text{m}$$

$$w_{su} = \frac{1.4[0.05*25*0.5 + 0.1*0.2*25 + 5*0.16]}{0.50} + 1.4*1.5 + 1.6*0.5 \cos \theta$$

$$w_{su} = 8.00\text{kN/m}^2$$

$$w_{su/Rib} = 0.5*8.00 = 4.00\text{kN/m}$$



Sec. (1-1)

$$M_{des.} = M \cos \theta = 10.0 * 0.8 = 8.0\text{kN.m}$$

$$225 = C_1 \sqrt{\frac{8.00 * 10^6}{500 * 25}} \quad C_1 = 8.89 \quad J = 0.826$$

$$A_s = \frac{8.00 * 10^6}{0.826 * 360 * 225} = 1.20\text{cm}^2/\text{rib}$$

$$A_s = 2 \# 10/\text{rib}$$

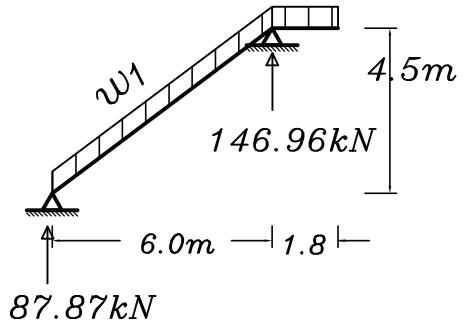
For Secandry beams (250*600)

For B₁

$$w_1 = \gamma_c b t * 1.40 + w_s \frac{a}{2} \text{ kN/m}$$

$$w_1 = 25 * 0.25 * 0.6 * 1.40 + 8.00 * \frac{5.0}{2}$$

$$w_1 = 25.25 \text{ kN/m}$$

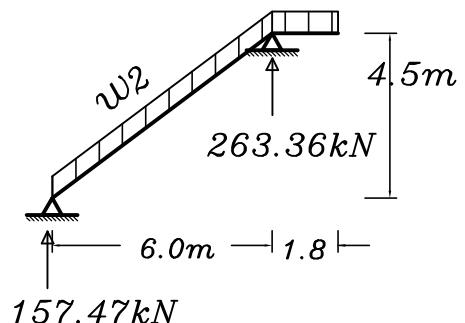


For B₂

$$w_2 = \gamma_c b t * 1.40 + w_s * a \text{ kN/m}$$

$$w_2 = 25 * 0.25 * 0.6 * 1.40 + 8.00 * 5.0$$

$$w_2 = 45.25 \text{ kN/m}$$



Design of Arch girder

$$P = 263.36 + 157.47 + o.w \text{ of Arch girder} * a$$

$$P = 263.36 + 157.47 + 14 * 1.40 * 5$$

$$P = 518.83 \text{ kN}$$

$$P_1 = 146.96 + 87.87 + o.w \text{ of Arch } \left(\frac{a}{2} \right)$$

$$P_1 = 146.96 + 87.87 + 14 * 1.40 * 2.50 = 283.83 \text{ kN}$$

$$M_{max} = P M_1 = 518.83 * 30.0$$

$$M_{max} = 15564.90 \text{ kN.m}$$

$$C = T = \frac{0.95 M_{max}}{h} = \frac{0.95 * 15564.90}{4.50} = 3285.92 \text{ kN}$$

$$M_{des} = 0.05 M_{max} \rightarrow M_{des} = 0.05 * 15564.90 = 778.25 \text{ kN.m}$$

Sec. (1-1) (350*1100)

$$N_{u.l} = 3285.92 \text{ kN}$$

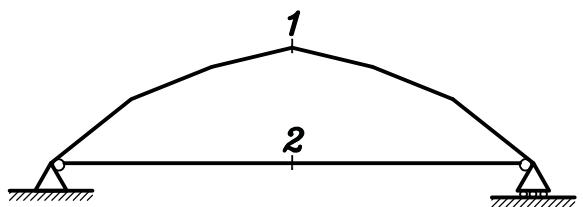
$$M_{u.l} = 778.25 \text{ kN.m}$$

$$\frac{N_{u.l}}{bt f_{cu}} = \frac{3285.92 * 10^3}{350 * 1100 * 25} = 0.34$$

$$e = \frac{M_{u.l}}{N_{u.l}} = \frac{778.25}{3285.92} = 0.24 \rightarrow \frac{e}{t} = \frac{0.24}{1.1} = 0.21 < 0.5$$

use I.D.

$$\frac{M_{u.l}}{bt^2 f_{cu}} = \frac{778.25 * 10^6}{350 * 1100^2 * 25} = 0.074$$



$$\rho = 2.5$$

$$A_s = A'_s = 2.5 * 10^{-4} * 25 * 350 * 1100$$

$$A_s = A'_s = 2406.25 \text{ mm}^2 = 24.06 \text{ cm}^2 = 7\#22$$

$$A_{s \ Total} = 24.06 * 2 = 48.12 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$A_{s \ min} = \frac{0.6}{100} * 35 * 110 = 23.1 \text{ cm}^2 < A_{s \ Total} \quad (\text{ok})$$

Sec. (2-2) (350*700)

$$T_{u.l} = 3285.92 \text{ kN}$$

$$A_s = \frac{T_{u.l}}{f_y / \gamma_s} = \frac{3285.92 * 10^3}{360 / 1.15} =$$

$$A_s = 104.97 \text{ cm}^2 = 22\#25$$

Desin of hanger

$$T_{u.l} = 0.25^2 * 4.5 * 25 * 1.40 + 0.35 * 0.7 * 25 * 1.40 * 5 + 157.74$$

$$T_{u.l} = 210.46 \text{ kN}$$

$$A_s = \frac{210.46 * 10^3}{360 / 1.15} = 6.72 \text{ cm}^2 = 4\#16$$

By Eng. El-Din Mostafa & Eng. Yasser M. Samir

Design of Columns (350*650)

$$N_{u.l.} = \Sigma P / 2$$

$$N_{u.l.} = \frac{6 * 518.83}{2} + 283.83$$

$$N_{u.l.} = 1840.32 \text{ kN}$$

$$\lambda_b_{in} = \frac{2.2 * 5.75}{0.65} = 19.46 \quad \lambda_b_{out} = \frac{1.2 * 3.25}{0.35} = 11.14$$

Column is long col. inside & outside plan

$$\delta_b = \frac{\lambda_b^2 t}{2000} = \frac{19.46^2 * 0.65}{2000} = 0.123m$$

$$M_{add} = 1840.32 * 0.123 = 226.36 \text{ kN.m}$$

$$\frac{N_{u.l.}}{bt f_{cu}} = \frac{1840.32 * 10^3}{350 * 650 * 25} = 0.32 \quad \zeta = \frac{650 - 100}{650} = 0.85$$

$$\frac{M_{u.l.}}{bt^2 f_{cu}} = \frac{226.36 * 10^6}{350 * 650^2 * 25} = 0.061$$

$$\rho = 1.5$$

$$A_s = A_s' = 1.5 * 10^{-4} * 25 * 35 * 65 = 8.53 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$A_{S\ min} = \frac{0.25 + 0.052 * 19.46}{100} * 35 * 65 = 28.71 \text{ cm}^2$$

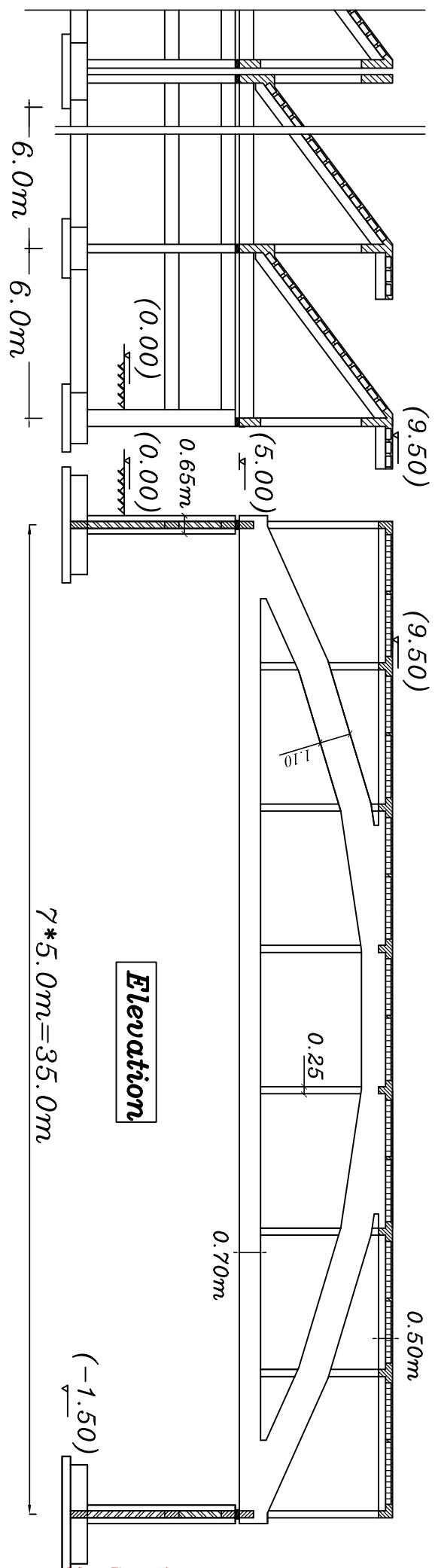
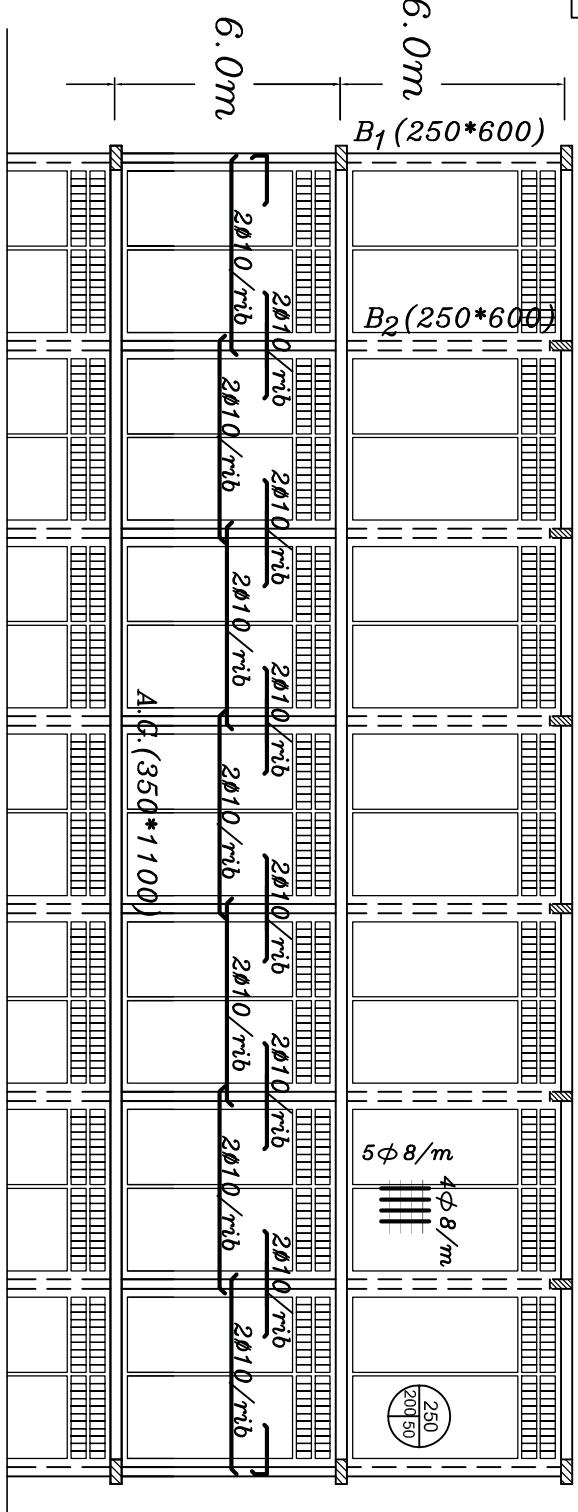
$$A_s = 12 \phi 18$$

1:200—1:400

KEY PLAN

Plan

$$7*5.0m = 35.0m$$



R.F.T. of the Arch girder

